A

AGP = Accelerated Graphics Port Network Related

ACLs = Access control lists

ACPI= Advanced Configuration and Power Interface

ARP = Address Resolution Protocol

AES = Advanced Encryption Standard

AGP = Accelerated Graphics Port

ALP= Account Lockout policy

AD = Active Directory

ADSL= (Asymmetric DSL)

APM = Advanced Power Management

ATA =Advanced Technology Attachment

ATX= Advanced Technology Extended

AMR= Audio Modem Riser (expansion  
slots)

APIPA= Automatic Private IP Addressing

ASR = Automated System Recovery

ATAPI =ATA Packet Interface

B

BCD =Boot Configuration Data

BD-ROM= Blu-ray Disc-ROM

BIOS =Basic Input/Output System

BSOD =Blue Screen of Death

BNC= British Naval connectors

BRI =Basic Rate Interface

BSB =Backside bus

C

CSMA/CA =Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Avoidance

CSMA/CD=Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection

CRT= Cathode ray tubes

CCFLs= Cold Cathode Fluorescent  
Lamps

CCMP =Counter Mode CBC-MAC Protocol

CD-R = CD-Recordable

CD-RW= CD-Rewritable

CD-ROM = Compact Disc Read-Only Memory

CDMA = Code Division Multiple Access

CEC = Consumer Electronics Control

CPUs= Central processing units

CERT = Computer Emergency Readiness Team

CGA = Color Graphics Adapter

CMOS= Complimentary Metal Oxide Semi-conductor

CMYK = cyan, magenta, yellow, and black)

CNR = Communications and Networking Riser

CGA= Color Graphics Adapter

CUDA=Compute Unified Device Architecture

CRI = Customer Respect Index)

CRTs = Cathode-ray tubes

D

DDR =Double Data Rate

DOD =Department of Defense model

DHCP =Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol

DSL =Digital Subscriber Line

DIMM =Dual Inline Memory Module

DIP = Dual Inline Package

DSSS = Direct-Sequence Spread Spectrum

DLP = Digital light processing

DMZs = Demilitarized zones

DNS = Domain Name System

DOCSIS = Data Over Cable Service Interface  
Specification

DRAM = dynamic random access memory

E

ECC= Error Checking and Correcting

ECP =Enhanced Capabilities Ports)

EDO = Extended Data Out

EEPROM = Electrically Erasable PROM

EFS = Encrypting File System

EGA = Enhanced Graphics Adapter

EIDE =Enhanced IDE( drives connectors)

EMI = Electromagnetic Interference

EPPs = Enhanced parallel ports

EP =Electro photographic

ESD=Electrostatic Discharge

EVDO = Evolution Data Optimized (technology)

EDO = Extended Data Out

F

FPM = Fast Page Mode

FSU= Fast User Switching

FAT =File Allocation Table

FHSS = Frequency-Hopping Spread Spectrum

FTTH = Fiber-to-the-Home

FTTN = Fiber-to-the-Node

FTP = File Transfer Protocol

G

GLONASS = Global Navigation Satellite System

GSM = Global System for Mobile Communications

GPRS =General Packet Radio Service

GPS= Global positioning System

GPUs= Graphics Processing Units

GUI= Graphical User Interface

GUIDs = Globally Unique Identifiers

H

HBAs = Host Bus Adapters

HCL = Hardware Compatibility List

HDMI = High-Definition Multimedia Interface

HDSL =High bit-rate DSL

HTT = Hyper-Threading Technology

HTTP = Hypertext Transfer Protocol

HTTPS = Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure

HVPS =High-Voltage Power Supplies

I

ICMP =Internet Control Message Protocol

IDE =Integrated Drive Electronics

IMAP =Internet Message Access Protocol

IrDA = Infrared Data Association

ISDN = Integrated Services Digital Network

ISPs = Internet Service Providers

IP= Internet Protocol

IPv6= Internet Protocol Version 6

L

LGA = land grid array

LANs =Local Area Networks

Last Known Good Configuration option

LCDs = Liquid Crystal Displays

LDAP = Lightweight Directory Access Protocol

LED =Light Emitting Diode

LFE = Low Frequency Effect

LPX = Low Profile Extended

LQ =Letter Quality

LTE = Long Term Evolution

M

MANs = Metropolitan Area Networks

MAP = Microsoft Assessment and Planning

MBR= Master Boot Record

MMC = Microsoft Management Console

MIDI = Musical Instrument Digital Interface

MIMO = Multiple-Input Multiple-Output

MAC= Media Access Control

MSDSs = Material Safety Data Sheets

N

NAS = Network Attached Storage

NAT = Network Address Translation

NiMH = Nickel Metal Hydride batteries

NICs = Network Interface Cards

NLQ = Near Letter Quality

NLX = New Low-profile Extended

O

OFDM = Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing

OLED = Organic Light Emitting Diode

OSI = Open Systems Interconnection

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

P

PATA = Parallel ATA

PAT = Port Address Translation

PCI = Peripheral Component Interconnect

PCIe = PCI Express

PCMCIA = Personal Computer Memory Card International Association

PDPs = Plasma Display Panels

PGA = Pin Grid Array

POTS = Plain Old Telephone Service

PnP = Plug and Play ( technology)

PoE = Power over Ethernet

POP= Post Office Protocol

POST = Power-On Self-Test

PXE = Pre-boot Execution Environment

PRI = Primary Rate Interface

PCL = Printer Control Language

PS = PostScript( language)

PVC = Polyvinyl Chloride

Q

QR = Quick Response

QoS = Quality of Service

R

RADIUS = Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service

RADSL = Rate-Adaptive DSL

RAID = Redundant Array of Independent Disks

RARP = Reverse Address Resolution Protocol

RDP = Remote Desktop Protocol

RJ = Registered Jack

RIS= Remote Installation Service

RARP= Reverse Address Resolution Protocol

RIS (Remote Installation Service)

ROM = Read-Only Memory

S

SARC = Symantec’s AntiVirus Research Center

SATA = Serial ATA (connectors)

SCA = Single Connector Attachment ( connectors)

SLI = Scalable Link Interface

SCs =Subscriber Connectors

SCSI = small computer system interface

SD = Secure Digital

SFTP = Secure File Transfer Protocol

SSH = Secure Shell protocol

SSL = Secure Sockets Layer

SMART = Self-Monitoring and Reporting Technology

SMB = Server Message Block

SSIDs = Service Set Identifiers SSIDs

SFC = System File Checker

SFF= Small Form Factor

SFTP = Secure File Transfer Protocol

STP = Shielded Twisted-Pair

SIMM = Single Inline Memory Module

SMTP= Simple Mail Transfer Protocol

SMT = Simultaneous Multithreading

SCA = Single Connector Attachment

SMF = single-mode fiber

SSO = Single Sign-On

SIPP =Single Inline Pin Package

SLI = Scalable Link Interface

SCSI = Small Computer System Interface

SMP = Symmetric Multiprocessing

SMT= Simultaneous Multithreading

SMTP = Simple Mail Transfer Protocol

SOHO =Small Office, Home Office

SPIM = spam over Instant Messaging

SRAM = Static Random Access Memory

SSDs = Solid-State Drives

SSH = Secure Shell

SSIDs = Service Set Identifiers

SSO= Single Sign-On

ST = Straight Tip

STP =Shielded Twisted-Pair

ST = Straight Tip connectors

SVGA= (Super VGA)

SMP = Symmetric Multiprocessing

SFC = System File Checker

T

TCP/IP = Transmission Control Protocol/ Internet Protocol

TDMA = Time Division Multiple Access

TLS = Transport Layer Security

TPMs = Trusted Platform Modules

TLS = Transport Layer Security

U

UAC = User Account Control

UCS = Unicode Character Set

UDMA= (Ultra DMA) technology

UDP = User Datagram Protocol

UMTS = Universal Mobile Telecommunications System

UPSs = Uninterruptible Power Supplies

UPC = Universal Product Code

USB = Universal Serial Bus

UTP = Unshielded Twisted-Pair

V

VDI = Virtual Desktop Interface

VDSL = Very High Bit-Rate DSL

VDUs = Video Display Units

VFAT (virtual FAT) filesystem

VGA = Video Graphics Array

VT = Virtualization Technology

VMs = Virtual Machines

VoIP = Voice over Internet Protocol

W

W-CDMA= Wideband Code Division Multiple Access

WoL = Wake on LAN

WANs = wide area networks

WAP = Wireless Access Protocol

WAPs= Wireless Access Points

WDDM = Windows Display Driver Model

WDS = Windows Deployment Service

WEP = Wired Equivalent Privacy

WET = Windows Easy Transfer

WHS = Windows Home Server

W-CDMA = Wideband Code Division Multiple Access

WPA = WiFi Protected Access

WiMAX = World Wide Interoperability for Microwave Access

WinPE = Windows Preinstallation Environment

WSUS = Windows Server Update Services

WinPE = Windows Preinstallation Environment

WPANs = Wireless Personal Area Networks

WPS = WiFi Protected Setup

X

XGA = Extended Graphics Array

Z

ZIF = Zero Insertion Force

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